AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JULY 9, 1996
AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 18, 1996
AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 29, 1996
AMENDED IN SENATE APRIL 15, 1996
AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 4, 1996

SENATE BILL

No. 1369

Introduced by Senator Kopp

(Coauthor: Assembly Member House)

January 3, 1996

An act to amend Section 11370.1 of the Health and Safety Code, and to amend Sections 1000, 1000.1, 1000.2, 1000.3, and 1000.5 of and 1000.3 of, and to amend, renumber, and add Section 1000.5 of, the Penal Code, relating to drug abuse.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1369, as amended, Kopp. Drug abuse: deferred entry of judgment.

Existing law prescribes procedures for the referral to diversion of those persons charged with specified drug offenses.

This bill would provide instead that, in lieu of trial, the prosecuting attorney may make a motion to the trial court to defer entry of judgment with respect to any specified drug offense that is charged, provided that the offender offers a plea of guilty. Upon that motion and the defendant's offer of a plea of guilty, the court would be required to defer a finding

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of guilt and entry of judgment, contingent upon the defendant's completion of an approved drug program. Upon the defendant's completion of the program, and upon the positive recommendation of the program authority and the motion of the prosecuting attorney, the court, or the probation department, but no sooner than 18 months nor later than 3 years from the date of the defendant's referral to the program, the court would be required to dismiss the charge or charges against the defendant.

The bill would also revise the drug offenses to which these provisions apply.

The bill also would provide that upon any failure of treatment or condition under the program, or if the defendant has engaged in criminal conduct rendering him or her unsuitable for defined entry of judgment, the prosecuting attorney, the court on its own, or the probation department may make a motion to the court for entry of judgment and the court shall render a finding of guilt to the charge or charges pled, enter judgment, and schedule a sentencing hearing.

The bill also would authorize the presiding judge of the superior or municipal court, or his or her designee, together with the district attorney and public defender, to agree in writing to establish and conduct a preguilty plea drug court program, wherein criminal proceedings are suspended without a plea of guilty for designated defendants and charges are dismissed upon satisfactory performance in the program.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 11370.1 of the Health and Safety 2 Code is amended to read:
- 3 11370.1. (a) Notwithstanding Section 11350 or 11377
- 4 or any other provision of law, every person who
- 5 unlawfully possesses any amount of a substance
- 6 containing cocaine base, a substance containing cocaine,
- 7 a substance containing heroin, a substance containing
- 8 methamphetamine, a crystalline substance containing
- 9 phencyclidine, a liquid substance containing

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phencyclidine, plant material containing phencyclidine, or a hand-rolled cigarette treated with phencyclidine while armed with a loaded, operable firearm is guilty of a felony punishable by imprisonment in the state prison 5 for two, three, or four years.

As used in this subdivision, "armed with" means having available for immediate offensive or defensive use.

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- (b) Any person who is convicted under this section shall be ineligible for diversion or deferred entry of judgment under Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 1000) of Title 6 of Part 2 of the Penal Code.
- SEC. 2. Section 1000 of the Penal Code is amended to 12 read: 13
- 14 1000. (a) This chapter shall apply whenever a case is 15 before any court upon an accusatory pleading for a 16 violation of Section 11350, 11357, 11364, 11365, 11377, or 11550 of the Health and Safety Code, or Section 11358 of 17 18 the Health and Safety Code if the marijuana planted, cultivated, harvested, dried, or processed is for personal 20 use, or Section 11368 of the Health and Safety Code if the narcotic drug was secured by a fictitious prescription and is for the personal use of the defendant and was not sold or furnished to another, or subdivision (d) of Section 653f 24 if the solicitation was for acts directed to personal use 25 only, or Section 381 or subdivision (f) of Section 647 of the 26 Penal Code, if for being under the influence of a controlled substance, or Section 4230 of the Business and 28 Professions Code, and it appears to the prosecuting attorney that, except as provided in subdivision (b) of 30 Section 11357 of the Health and Safety Code, all of the following apply to the defendant:
 - (1) The defendant has no conviction for any offense involving controlled substances prior to the alleged commission of the charged offense.
- (2) The offense charged did not involve a crime of 36 violence or threatened violence.
 - (3) There is no evidence of a violation relating to narcotics or restricted dangerous drugs other than a violation of the sections listed in this subdivision.

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(4) The defendant's record does not indicate that probation or parole has ever been revoked without thereafter being completed.

- (5) The defendant's record does not indicate that he or she has successfully completed or been terminated from diversion or deferred entry of judgment pursuant to this chapter within five years prior to the alleged commission of the charged offense.
- (6) The defendant has no prior felony conviction 10 within five years prior to the alleged commission of the charged offense.
- (b) The prosecuting attorney shall review his or her 13 file to determine whether or not paragraphs (1) to (6), 14 inclusive, of subdivision (a) apply to the defendant. Upon agreement of the prosecuting attorney. 16 enforcement, the public defender, and the presiding judge of the criminal division of the municipal court or a 18 judge designated by the presiding judge, this procedure 19 shall be completed as soon as possible after the initial 20 filing of the charges. If the defendant is found eligible, the prosecuting attorney shall file with the 22 declaration in writing or state for the record the grounds 23 upon which the determination is based, and shall make this information available to the defendant and his or her attorney. This procedure is intended to allow the court to set the hearing for deferred entry of judgment at the arraignment. If the defendant is found ineligible for deferred entry of judgment, the prosecuting attorney shall file with the court a declaration in writing or state 30 for the record the grounds upon which the determination 31 is based, and shall make this information available to the 32 defendant and his or her attorney. The sole remedy of a defendant who is found ineligible for deferred entry of 34 judgment is a postconviction appeal.
- (c) All referrals for deferred entry of judgment 36 granted by the court pursuant to this chapter shall be made only to programs that have been certified by the county drug program administrator pursuant to Chapter 1.5 (commencing with Section 1211) of Title 8, or to programs that provide services at no cost to

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participant and have been deemed by the court and the county drug program administrator to be credible and effective. The defendant may request to be referred to a program in any county, as long as that program meets the criteria set forth in this subdivision.

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- (d) Deferred entry of judgment for a violation of Section 11368 of the Health and Safety Code shall not prohibit administrative agency from disciplinary action against a licensee or from denying a 10 license. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to expand or restrict the provisions of Section 1000.5 1000.4.
- (e) Any defendant who is participating in a program 13 referred to in this section may be required to undergo 14 analysis of his or her urine for the purpose of testing for 15 the presence of any drug as part of the program. 16 However, urine analysis results shall not be admissible as a basis for any new criminal prosecution or proceeding.
- 18 SEC. 3. Section 1000.1 of the Penal Code is amended 19 to read:
- 1000.1. (a) If the prosecuting attorney 21 that this chapter may be applicable to the defendant, he or she shall advise the defendant and his or her attorney in writing of that determination. This notification shall include the following:
 - (1) A full description of the procedures for deferred entry of judgment.
- (2) A general explanation of the roles and authorities 28 of the probation department, the prosecuting attorney, the program, and the court in the process.
- (3) A clear statement that in lieu of trial, the court may grant deferred entry of judgment with respect to any crime specified in subdivision (a) of Section 1000 that is charged, provided that the defendant pleads guilty to 34 each such charge and waives time for the pronouncement of judgment, and that upon the defendant's successful 36 completion of a program, as specified in subdivision (c) of Section 1000, the positive recommendation of the program authority and the motion of the prosecuting attorney, the court, or the probation department, but no sooner than 18 months and no later than three years from

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the date of the defendant's referral to the program, the court shall dismiss the charge or charges against the 3 defendant.

- (4) A clear statement that upon any failure of 5 treatment or condition under the program, or any circumstance specified in Section 1000.3, the prosecuting attorney or the probation department or the court on its own may make a motion to the court for entry of judgment and the court shall render a finding of guilt to 10 the charge or charges pled, enter judgment, and schedule a sentencing hearing as otherwise provided in this code.
- (5) An explanation of criminal record retention and 13 disposition resulting from participation in the deferred 14 entry of judgment program and the defendant's rights 15 relative to answering questions about his or her arrest and 16 deferred entry of judgment following successful completion of the program.
- 18 (b) If the defendant consents and waives his or her 19 right to a speedy trial or a speedy preliminary hearing, 20 the court may refer the case to the probation department 21 or the court may summarily grant deferred entry of 22 judgment if the defendant pleads guilty to the charge or 23 charges and waives time for the pronouncement of 24 judgment. When directed by the court, the probation 25 department shall make an investigation and take into defendant's 26 consideration the age, employment 27 service records, educational background, community and 28 family ties, prior controlled substance use, treatment history, if any, demonstrable motivation, 30 mitigating factors in determining whether the defendant is a person who would be benefited by education, treatment, or rehabilitation. The probation department shall also determine which programs the defendant 34 would benefit from and which programs would accept 35 the defendant. The probation department shall report its 36 findings and recommendations to the court. The court shall make the final determination regarding education, 38 treatment, or rehabilitation for the defendant. If the court determines that it is appropriate, the court shall grant deferred entry of judgment if the defendant pleads

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guilty to the charge or charges and waives time for the pronouncement of judgment.

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(c) No statement, any information or procured therefrom, made by the defendant to any probation officer or drug treatment worker, that is made during the course of any investigation conducted by the probation department or treatment program pursuant subdivision (b), and prior to the reporting of the probation department's findings and recommendations 10 to the court, shall be admissible in any action or proceeding brought subsequent to the investigation.

No statement, or any information procured therefrom, 13 with respect to the specific offense with which the 14 defendant is charged, that is made to any probation officer or drug program worker subsequent to the granting of deferred entry of judgment, shall admissible in any action or proceeding, including a sentencing hearing.

- (d) A defendant's plea of guilty pursuant to this 20 chapter shall not constitute a conviction for any purpose unless a judgment of guilty is entered pursuant to Section 1000.3.
- 23 SEC. 4. Section 1000.2 of the Penal Code is amended 24 to read:
- 1000.2. The court shall hold a hearing and, after consideration of any information relevant to its decision, shall determine if the defendant consents to further proceedings under this chapter and if the defendant should be granted deferred entry of judgment. If the 30 court does not deem the defendant a person who would be benefited by deferred entry of judgment, or if the defendant does not consent participate, to proceedings shall continue as in any other case.

34 At the time that deferred entry of judgment is granted, 35 any bail bond or undertaking, or deposit in lieu thereof, 36 on file by or on behalf of the defendant shall be exonerated, and the court shall enter an order 37 38 directing.

39 The period during which deferred entry of judgment 40 is granted shall be for no less than 18 months nor longer SB 1369 **—8** —

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than three years. Progress reports shall be filed by the probation department with the court as directed by the 3 court.

4 SEC. 5. Section 1000.3 of the Penal Code is amended 5 to read:

1000.3. If it appears to the prosecuting attorney, the court, or the probation department that the defendant is performing unsatisfactorily in the assigned program, or that the defendant is not benefiting from education, 10 treatment, or rehabilitation, or that the defendant is convicted of a misdemeanor that reflects the defendant's propensity for violence, or the defendant is convicted of 12 13 a felony, or the defendant has engaged in criminal 14 conduct rendering him or her unsuitable for deferred entry of judgment, the prosecuting attorney, the court on 16 its own, or the probation department may make a motion 17 for entry of judgment.

After notice to the defendant, the court shall hold a 19 hearing determine whether judgment entered.

If the court finds that the defendant is not performing 22 satisfactorily in the assigned program, or 23 defendant is not benefiting from education, treatment, or 24 rehabilitation, or the court finds that the defendant has 25 been convicted of a crime as indicated above, or that the 26 defendant has engaged in criminal conduct rendering him or her unsuitable for deferred entry of judgment, the court shall render a finding of guilt to the charge or charges pled, enter judgment, and schedule a sentencing hearing as otherwise provided in this code.

If the defendant has performed satisfactorily during 32 the period in which deferred entry of judgment was granted, at the end of that period, the criminal charge or charges shall be dismissed.

Prior to dismissing the charge or charges, the court shall 36 consider the defendant's ability to pay and whether the defendant has paid a diversion restitution fee pursuant to Section 1001.90, if ordered, and an administration fee to the probation department, if ordered, and has met his or her financial obligation to the program, if any.

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SEC. 6. Section 1000.5 of the Penal Code is amended 1 2 and renumbered to read:

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1000.4. (a) Any record filed with the Department of Justice shall indicate the disposition in those cases deferred pursuant to this chapter. Upon successful completion of a deferred entry of judgment program, the arrest upon which the judgment was deferred shall be deemed to have never occurred. The defendant may indicate in response to any question concerning his or her 10 prior criminal record that he or she was not arrested or granted deferred entry of judgment for the offense, 12 13 except as specified in subdivision (b). A record pertaining 14 to an arrest resulting in successful completion of a deferred entry of judgment program shall not, without the defendant's consent, be used in any way that could result in the denial of any employment, benefit, license, 17 or certificate.

(b) The defendant shall be advised that, regardless of 20 his or her successful completion of the deferred entry of judgment program, the arrest upon which the judgment 22 was deferred may be disclosed by the Department of 23 Justice in response to any peace officer application 24 request made within five years of the arrest, and that 25 notwithstanding subdivision (a), this section does not 26 relieve him or her of the obligation to disclose the arrest in response to any direct question contained in any questionnaire or application for a position as a peace officer, as defined in Section 830, made within five years 30 of the arrest.

31 SEC. 7. Section 1000.5 is added to the Penal Code, to 32 *read*:

1000.5. (a) The presiding judge of the superior or 34 municipal court, or a judge designated by the presiding 35 judge, together with the district attorney and the public 36 defender, may agree in writing to establish and conduct 37 a preguilty plea drug court program pursuant to the 38 provisions of this chapter, wherein criminal proceedings are suspended without a plea of guilty for designated defendants. The drug court program shall include a SB 1369 **— 10 —**

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regimen of graduated sanctions and rewards, individual and group therapy, urine analysis testing commensurate 3 with treatment needs, close court monitoring 4 educational supervision ofprogress, or vocational 5 counseling as appropriate, and other requirements as agreed to by the presiding judge or his or her designee, the district attorney, and the public defender. If there is no agreement in writing for a preguilty plea program by the presiding judge or his or her designee, the district attorney, and the public defender, the program shall be 10 operated as a deferred entry of judgment program as provided in this chapter. 12

(b) The provisions of Section 1000.3 and Section 1000.4 14 regarding satisfactory and unsatisfactory performance in 15 a program shall apply to preguilty plea programs. If the 16 court finds that (1) the defendant is not performing satisfactorily in the assigned program, (2) the defendant 18 *is* benefiting from education, treatment. rehabilitation, (3) the defendant has been convicted of a crime specified in Section 1000.3, or (4) the defendant has engaged in criminal conduct rendering him or her 22 unsuitable for the preguilty plea program, the court shall 23 reinstate the criminal charge or charges. If the defendant 24 has performed satisfactorily during the period of the 25 preguilty plea program, at the end of that period, the 26 criminal charge or charges shall be dismissed and the 27 provisions of Section 1000.4 shall apply.